# Annex 1: Good sources of important nutrients

Young children, like everyone else, need many different nutrients for growth and development, to provide energy, and to keep healthy. We have shown that most young children have sufficient protein in their diets. The main problem nutrients are *iron*, *zinc* and *vitamin A*. Also important is *vitamin C* which helps iron absorption, and *calcium* for building bones and teeth. The following foods are good sources of these nutrients.

**Iron**: Good sources were listed in Box 1 on page 19.

#### Zinc:

- · liver and offal of all kinds
- · foods prepared with blood
- · flesh of animals, birds and fish
- shellfish
- · egg yolk.

#### Vitamin A:

- · breast milk
- · liver of all kinds
- · red palm oil (unbleached)
- · egg yolk
- orange-coloured fruits mango, paw-paw, passion fruit (but not oranges). The darker the colour the more vitamin A
- orange-coloured vegetables carrot, pumpkin, yellow sweet potato, red/orange peppers (but not tomatoes). The darker the colour the more vitamin A
- dark-green leaves spinach, amaranthus, kale, cassava leaves, sweet potato leaves, pumpkin leaves, broccoli. The darker the green the more vitamin A.

# Vitamin C: (cooking destroys some vitamin C)

- fresh fruit guava, orange, lemon, mandarin, mango, paw-paw, berries, melon, banana, passion fruit, peach
- · tomato, peppers
- green leaves and vegetables spinach, amaranthus, kale, cassava leaves, sweet potato leaves, cabbage, broccoli, cauliflower
- · baobab pulp
- fresh starchy roots and fruits are good sources if large amounts are eaten potato, sweet potato, cassava, plantain.

#### Calcium:

- milk and milk products cheese, yoghurt
- fish eaten with bones small whole fish, pounded dried fish, canned fish.

# Annex 2: Recipes for good mixed meals from four countries (Figure 9, p 32)

(Each meal fills at least one-third of the gaps for energy, protein, iron and vitamin A)

#### Example from East Africa (maize + groundnuts + egg + spinach meal)

| Thick maize porridge | 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tablespoons | (140g) |
|----------------------|---|--------|
| Groundnut paste      | 1 tablespoon, rounded                     | (15g)  |
| Egg                  | one                                       | (30g)  |
| Spinach              | handful of leaves                         | (20g)  |

Make a thick porridge with maize flour. Pound groundnuts and add to the porridge. Just before serving add the raw egg and cook for a few minutes. Fry onions and tomato for flavour, add spinach. Serve separately or mix with porridge.

#### Example from India (chapati + dhal + carrot/amaranthus meal)

| Chapati       | half                  | (50g) |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------|
| Dhal (cooked) | 1 tablespoon, rounded | (30g) |
| Carrot        | half a small one      | (25g) |
| Amaranthus    | handful of leaves     | (30g) |
| Ghee          | 1 teaspoon            | (5g)  |
| Milk          | 1/2 cup               | (50g) |

Cook dhal (lentils) until soft with spices (for flavour). Add carrot and ghee when dhal are nearly ready. Serve with chapati and steamed amaranthus. (Alternatively add the leaves to the dhal/carrot mixture when these are cooked).

#### Example from Peru, South America (rice + beans + liver)

| Rice                 | 3 tablespoons           | (84g) |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| Bean and potato stew | 1 tablespoon            | (30g) |
| Liver                | 1/2 tablespoon, rounded | (15g) |
| Margarine            | 1 teaspoon              | (5g)  |

Boil the beans with onions and spices for flavour until nearly soft. Add potato and continue cooking. (Alternatively add cooked potato). Cook a chicken's liver (e.g. in the stew or steamed with the rice). Mash the potato, beans and liver with well-cooked rice and a little margarine.

#### Example from Syria, Middle East (rice + lentils + yoghurt)

| Cooked rice | 3 tablespoons, rounded                               | (84g) |
|-------------|--|-------|
| Lentils     | 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> , tablespoons, rounded | (30g) |
| Oil         | 1 teaspoon   | (5g)  |
| Yoghurt     | 3 tablespoons  | (50g) |
| Orange      | half a small one                                     | (50g) |

Fry onions (for flavour) until brown and add spices. Boil lentils until soft. Cook rice and add the rice and lentils + liquid to the onions. Simmer gently. Serve with yoghurt.

# Annex 3: Composition (per 100g) of some foods

| Food                       | Description      | Energy | Protein | Iron | Vitamin A |
|----------------------------|------------------|--------|---------|------|-----------|
| Maine Claus                | W/L:4 - C - 1    | (kcal) | (g)     | (mg) | (µg RE)   |
| Maize flour<br>Wheat flour | White, refined   | 335    | 8       | 1.1  | 0         |
|                            | White, fortified | 341    | 9.4     | 2.0  | 0         |
| Bread                      | White, fortified | 235    | 8.4     | 1.6  | 0         |
| Rice                       | Cooked           | 138    | 2.6     | 0.2  | 0         |
| Potato                     | Cooked           | 75     | 1.5     | 0.3  | 0         |
| Sweet potato yellow        | Cooked           | 84     | 1.1     | 0.7  | 660       |
| Classava                   | Raw              | 153    | 0.7     | 1.0  | 0         |
| Chapati                    | No fat           | 202    | 7.3     | 2.1  | 0         |
| Kidney beans               | Boiled           | 100    | 6.9     | 2.0  | 0         |
| Mung beans                 | Raw, dried       | 279    | 23.9    | 6.0  | 0         |
| Mung beans                 | Boiled           | 91     | 7.6     | 1.4  | 0         |
| Soy beans                  | Raw, dried       | 370    | 35.9    | 9.7  | 0         |
| Groundnuts                 | Raw              | 564    | 25.6    | 2.5  | 0         |
| Sunflower seeds            | Raw              | 581    | 19.8    | 6.4  | 0         |
| Melon seed                 | Raw              | 595    | 26      | 7.4  | 0         |
| Chicken liver              | Raw              | 135    | 19.1    | 9.5  | 11325     |
| Beef, lean                 | Raw              | 123    | 20.3    | 2.1  | 0         |
| Lamb, lean                 | Raw              | 162    | 20.8    | 1.6  | 0         |
| Pork, lean                 | Raw              | 147    | 20.7    | 0.9  | 0         |
| Chicken (light meat)       | Raw              | 116    | 21.8    | 0.5  | 0         |
| Chicken (dark meat)        | Raw              | 126    | 19.1    | 1.6  | 0         |
| Fish                       | Raw              | 76     | 17.4    | 0.3  | 0         |
| Fish                       | Steamed          | 98     | 22.8    | 0.2  | 0         |
| Fish small                 | Dry whole        | 320    | 44      | 8.5  | na        |
| Milk                       | Fresh, whole     | 66     | 3.2     | 0.06 | 55        |
| Cheddar cheese             |                  | 412    | 25.5    | 0.3  | 362       |
| Egg                        | Boiled           | 147    | 12.5    | 1.9  | 190       |
| Carrot                     | Raw              | 35     | 0.6     | 0.3  | 1350      |
| Carrot                     | Boiled           | 24     | 0.6     | 0.4  | 1260      |
| Spinach                    | Boiled           | 19     | 2.2     | 1.6  | 640       |
| Pumpkin                    | Boiled           | 13     | 0.6     | 0.4  | 160       |
| Tomato                     | Raw              | 17     | 0.7     | 0.5  | 107       |
| Mango                      |                  | 57     | 0.7     | 0.7  | 300       |
| Orange                     |                  | 37     | 1.1     | 0.1  | 5         |
| Paw-paw                    |                  | 36     | 0.5     | 0.5  | 135       |
| Banana                     |                  | 95     | 1.2     | 0.3  | 3         |
| Avocado                    |                  | 190    | 1.9     | 0.4  | 2         |
| Sugar                      |                  | 394    | 0       | 0    | 0         |
| Red palm oil               | Unbleached       | 890    | 0       | 0    | 4000      |
| Ghee                       | Cholodollod      | 898    | 0       | 0    | 758       |
| Margarine                  |                  | 739    | 0.2     | 0.3  | 780       |
| marganic                   |                  | 133    | 0.2     | 0.5  | 700       |

# **Annex 4: Technical Data**

In Figs 1 and 2, the energy and iron needs of an average child have been taken as:

|        | Energy (kcal/d) | Absorbed iron (mg/d) |
|--------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 0-2m   | 404             | 1.14                 |
| 3-5m   | 550             | 0.90                 |
| 6-8m   | 682             | 0.78                 |
| 9–11m  | 830             | 0.66                 |
| 12-23m | 1092            | 0.49                 |

(References WHO 1998 Table 9, FAO/WHO 1988, adapted from Table 5.1)

In Figs 1 and 2, we have taken the energy and iron intakes from breast milk as:

|        | Breast milk (g/d) | Energy (kcal/d) | Absorbed iron (mg/d) |
|--------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 0-2m   | 714               | 493             | 0.043                |
| 3-5m   | 784               | 540             | 0.047                |
| 6-8m   | 674               | 465             | 0.040                |
| 9-11m  | 616               | 425             | 0.037                |
| 12-23m | 549               | 379             | 0.033                |

In Figs 1–8, in calculating energy, protein, iron and vitamin A intakes from breast milk, we have used WHO 1998 Tables 7 and 22 and an energy content of 69 kcal /100ml. We have assumed that the absorption of iron from breast milk is 20%.

In Figs 3–8, the energy, protein, iron and vitamin A needs of an average child aged 12–23m have been taken as:

| Energy | Protein | <b>Absorbed iron</b> | Vitamin A                                |
|--------|---------|----------------------|--|
| (kcal) | (g)     | (mg)                 | $(\mu \mathbf{g} \mathbf{R} \mathbf{E})$ |
| 1092   | 10.2    | 0.49                 | 300                                      |

(References WHO 1998, Dewey et al 1996, FAO/WHO 1988, Department of Health 1991). For protein, we assumed a digestibility of 85% and that the amino acid needs are met.

# Portion sizes of cooked foods in Figures 3-8

| 1 rounded tablespoon rice                | 28g    | (3 tablespoons 84g) |
|--|--------|---------------------|
| 1 teaspoon fat                           | 5g     |                     |
| 1 rounded tablespoon beans               | 30g    |                     |
| 1 rounded tablespoon fish                | 30g    |                     |
| 1 rounded tablespoon liver               | 30g    |                     |
| 1 rounded tablespoon green leaves        | 27g    |                     |
| <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> small orange | 50g    |                     |
| 1 slice bread + margarine 20             | g + 5g |                     |
| 1 small banana                           | 60g    |                     |

#### **Complementary Feeding**

We took 6µg carotene as equivalent to 1µg retinol.

We allowed for the enhancing effect of fish/meat and vitamin C on iron absorption from plant foods.

For this we assumed the absorption of iron to be:

| iron in rice/porridge                            | 5%  |
|--|-----|
| iron in rice/beans                               | 5%  |
| iron in rice/beans when eaten with fruit         | 10% |
| iron in rice when eaten with fish/liver          | 10% |
| iron in rice when eaten with fish/liver + leaves | 15% |

The energy and nutrient contents of the portions indicated in Figs 3-8 are thus:

|                          | Amt. (g) | Energy (kcal) | Protein (g) | Absorbed iron (mg)           | Vitamin A (µg) |
|--------------------------|----------|---------------|-------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| staple                   | 84       | 116           | 2.2         | $0.17 \times 5\% = 0.008$    | =              |
|                          |          |               |             | x 10% = 0.016*               |                |
|                          |          |               |             | x 15% = 0.024**              |                |
| fat                      | 5        | 45            | -0          | 22                           | _              |
| beans                    | 30       | 30            | 2.1         | $0.60 \times 5\% = 0.030$    | _              |
|                          |          |               |             | x 10% = 0.060*               |                |
| fish                     | 30       | 29            | 6.8         | $0.21 \times 15\% = 0.031$   |                |
| liver                    | 30       | 40            | 5.7         | $2.85 \times 15\% = 0.427$   | 3397           |
| leaves                   | 27       | 5             | 0.6         | $0.43 \times 15\% = 0.064**$ | 173            |
| orange                   | 50       | 19            | 0.5         | $0.05 \times 10\% = 0.005$   | 3              |
| banana                   | 60       | 57            | 0.7         | $0.18 \times 5\% = 0.009$    | 2              |
| bread                    | 20       | 47            | 1.7         | $0.30 \times 5\% = 0.015$    | _              |
| porridge +<br>milk/sugar | 100      | 144           | 3.6         | $0.12 \times 5\% = 0.006$    | _              |
| breast milk              | 549      | 379           | 5.8         | 0.16x20% = 0.033             | 274            |

<sup>\*</sup>Vitamin C at the same meal enhanced iron absorption to 10%

# References

Department of Health. Dietary reference values for energy and nutrients for the United Kingdom. Report on Health and Social Subjects. London, HMSO, 1991.

Dewey KG et al. Protein requirements of infants and children. *European Journal of Clinical Nutrition*, 1991, 50(Supplement 1):S119-S147.

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WHO. Complementary feeding of young children in developing countries: a review of current scientific knowledge (WHO/NUT/98.1). Geneva, World Health Organization, 1998.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Fish/liver + vitamin C at the same meal enhanced iron absorption to 15%